OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1751. [N°. 365.]

To ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Eſq;*

SIR,

WHETHER you are yourſelf a Foreigner, as your heatheniſh Name ſeems to indicate, or a diſguiſed Friend to Foreigners, under that aſſumed Name; or laſtly, whether you are utterly indifferent with regard to the Queſtion concerning a general Naturalization of Foreigners, and of courſe a very lukewarm Patriot, I am utterly at a Loſs to determine. But I have obſerved, with no little Surprize, that while the ſame Queſtion has been upon the Carpet, and debated on both Sides with great Warmth and Spirit, you have been quite ſilent about the Matter.

I will not take upon me to uſe harſh Reproaches, till I ſee, whether you make Uſe of the following Authorities fairly drawn from a Piece, called *The Hiſtory of the Palatines*, publiſhed in 1710, the Year after vaſt Swarms of thoſe poor People came over into *England*, in conſequence of a Law for the general Naturalization of foreign Proteſtants, which then exiſted. In Caſes of this Nature, Facts are always better than Arguments; and the plain Fact, as publiſhed concerning thoſe People, was preciſely as follows.

In the Pamphlet referred to, after a pathetic Expoſition of their own Caſe, given us by the Palatines themſelves, we are informed, that tho' the Naturalization-Law was not moved for 'till the Beginning of *February* 178-9, by the 10th of *June* the ſame Year, there came over hither from the *Palatinate*,

Men that had Families	940
Unmarried Men	292
Daughters above 14 Years of Age	247
Sons under 14	1016
Wives	903
Widows	73
Unmarried Women	77
Sons above 14 Years	257
Daughters under 14 Years	950
The total Sum	4755

The Men were of the following Trades.

Husbandmen and Vine-dreſſers	805
Schoolmaſters	8
Cloth and Linnen-Weavers	49
Carpenters	68
Maſons	39
Joiners	16
Shoemakers	28
Taylors	41
Millers	18
Wheelwrights	11
Smiths	35
Bakers	22
Coopers and Brewers	34
Butchers	14
Herdſmen	3
Sadlers	6
Stocking-Weavers	3
Tanners	7
Miners	3
Brickmakers	3
Potters	3
Hunters	3
Twiners	6
Surgeons	2
Lockſmith	1
Hatter	1
Silverſmiths	2
Statuary	1
	1232

Some Time after, as many more arrived of ſeveral Profeſſions and Trades; ſo that the whole Number in the Summer of 178-9 amounted to about 8 or 9000 Perſons of ſeveral Profeſſions and Trades.

Upon theſe Tables, Mr. *Centoculi*, I cannot help obſerving, that we do not ſee one ſingle Mark or Characteriſtic of wealthy and opulent Families, or of Perſons that were likely to promote among us any new Manufactures, or open any new Sources of Commerce. Of the Men, almoſt Two-thirds were Husbandmen and Vine-dreſſers. We are not told, indeed, how many of the former, and how many of the latter, but the ranking them together, is a Proof, that they were of much the ſame Eſtimation in their own Country.

As to Husbandmen, Employment might doubtleſs be found for them in ſome Parts of *Great Britain*, provided all the Waſtes and Commons were to be broken up and cultivated. This, however, is a thing we are not to expect in the preſent Age, when ſo many Privileges are held by the Right of Free-paſture on thoſe otherwiſe uſeleſs Lands.

And as to Vine-dreſſers, I do not ſee of what uſe they can be in *England*, where it has been found upon repeated Experiment, that Vines are not producible, at leaſt in any conſiderable Quantity. Our Soil and Sun will not ſuffice to give us even the thin and eager Produce of the *Rhine*, the *Maine*, or the *Moſelle*. And it was upon the two former of theſe Rivers, that the Vine-dreſſers in queſtion had been chiefly employed.

As to the 427 Men of other Trades, we do not find any one among them, that can be conſidered as a valuable Acquiſition to *England*. *German* School-maſters we do not want, unleſs we are to be all Germanized. Weavers both of Linen and Woollen, we have, I think, more already than can at preſent find Employment. And were we to inquire among all the other Trades enumerated in the Table, we ſhould certainly be informed, that there are already more than enough in every one of them.

But to remove all Doubt, and prevent all Controverſy, concerning the Benefits received from that Importation of Foreigners, I ſhall next tranſcribe from the ſame Tract, ſuch Authorities as are indiſputable, to ſhew, that we really acquired only a Generation of Beggars, who immediately became burthenſome to the whole Community. This may ſerve for an Anſwer to thoſe Gentlemen who roundly affirm, that none but Perſons of affluent Fortune can avail themſelves of an Act of a general Naturalization.

To the Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Petition of your Majeſty's Juſtices of Peace for the County of Middleſex, *held at* Hicks's-Hall, June 7, 1709.

SHEWETH,

THAT being informed, that ſeveral thouſand *Germans* of the Proteſtant Religion, oppreſſed by the Exactions of the *French* in their own Country, have fled for Refuge into this your Majeſty's Kingdom of *Great Britain*; who muſt have periſhed, had not your Majeſty's generous and ſeaſonable Bounty ſubſiſted them: And being ſenſible that they labour ſtill under great Wants, and ſtand in need of farther Relief for their Subſiſtence, do therefore crave Leave to offer your Majeſty our humble Opinion, That a Brief for the Collection of the Charity of all well-diſpoſed Perſons, in all Churches and Meetings, and otherwiſe, within this County, as ſoon as your Majeſty ſhall think fit to grant it, will be effectual to raiſe a conſiderable Sum for their preſent Relief. All which we humbly ſubmit to your Majeſty's great Wiſdom; and we ſhall, as in Duty bound, ever pray.

At the Court of St. James's, June 16, 1609. *Preſent the Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.*

UPON reading this Day, at the Board, the humble Petition of the Juſtices of Peace for the County of *Middleſex*, at the General Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid County; repreſenting to her Majeſty the great Wants and Neceſſities of ſeveral thouſand *Germans* of the Proteſtant Religion, who being oppreſſed by the Exactions of the *French* in their own Country, have fled for Refuge into this Kingdom, and muſt have periſhed, had not her Majeſty's generous and ſeaſonable Bounty relieved them: And humbly offering, That for their farther Relief and Subſiſtence, a Brief may be iſſued for the Collection of the Charity of well-diſpoſed Perſons within the ſaid County. Her Majeſty, out of her tender Regard and Compaſſion to theſe poor People, is pleaſed to condeſcend thereunto, and to order, that the Right Honourable the Lord Chancellor of *Great Britain*, do cauſe Letters Patents to be prepared and paſſed under the Great Seal for that Purpoſe, *&c.*

Accordingly a Brief was granted by her Majeſty for the Relief, Subſiſtence, and Settlement, of the poor diſtreſſed *Palatines*, which, after a neceſſary Preamble, ran to this Effect:

KNOW ye, That of our ſpecial Grace, and princely Compaſſion, we have given and granted to the ſaid poor *Palatines*, and to their Deputy or Deputies, the Bearer and Bearers thereof, full Power, Licence and Authority, to aſk, collect, and receive the Alms and charitable Benevolence of our loving Subjects; not only Houſholders, but alſo Servants, Strangers, Lodgers, and others, in all the Cities, Towns, Villages, *&c.* in our Kingdom of *England*, &c. We likewiſe purpoſing to cauſe the like Licence and Authority to be granted in relation to all our loving Subjects in *Scotland*. And we do require all Parſons, Vicars, Curates, Teachers, and Preachers, of every ſeparate Congregation, to read the ſaid Brief in their ſeveral Churches and Congregations, and earneſtly to exhort their Auditors to a liberal Contribution of their Charity to the ſaid poor *Palatines* And that the Miniſter, and Church-wardens of every Pariſh, ſhall go from Houſe to Houſe to aſk and receive from their Pariſhioners their chriſtian and charitable Contributions.

And we do hereby authorize and appoint the Lord Archbiſhop of *Canterbury*, the Lord High Chancellor, Lord High Treaſurer, *&c.* (with a great Number of other Lords Spiritual and Temporal, Knights, Gentlemen, *&c.*) to be Truſtees and Receivers of the ſaid Charity, *&c.* and to diſpoſe and diſtribute the Money which ſhall be collected, in ſuch manner as ſhall be found neceſſary and convenient, for the better Employment and Settlement of the poor *Palatines*, or making Contracts in their behalf, or by any other lawful Means and Ways whatſoever, *&c.*

In Purſuance of this Brief, the following Order was publiſhed.

Whitehall, July 20, 1709.

BY Order of the Right Honourable the Lords and others, her Majeſty's Commiſſioners for receiving and diſpoſing of the Money to be collected for the Subſiſtence and Settlement of the poor *Palatines*, Notice is hereby given, That they will hold their General Meeting at *Doctor's-Commons* every *Wedneſday*, at Four in the Afternoon. Notice is hereby likewiſe given, That the ſaid Commiſſioners are come to a Reſolution for diſpoſing and ſettling as many of the ſaid *Palatines* as conveniently they can, in *North Britain* and *Ireland*, and the Plantations; and that they will, at their Committee, receive Propoſals in order thereunto.

Notice is likewiſe given, That any Maſters of Ships, trading in the Coal, or other Coaſt Trade,

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are at Liberty to employ ſuch of the ſaid *Palatines* as are willing to ſerve them on board ſuch Ships; and that ſuch Maſters may apply themſelves to a Perſon appointed to attend at the ſeveral Places where the ſaid *Palatines* now are for that Purpoſe.

Theſe authentic Pieces, ſelected from many others on the ſame Subject, contain, I think, undeniable Teſtimonies of the following Particulars:

I. That it appeared in 1709, when theſe Wretches were brought over, tho' that was the 8th Year of a moſt bloody and devouring War, that we did not want any Supply of Foreigners to recruit the Loſſes that had been ſuſtained of Native *Britons*.

II. That the Government was greatly perplexed, upon the Arrival of only 8 or 9000 People, to know how to diſpoſe of them: And could find no better Method than by diſtributing them in the remote Parts of *Scotland* and *Ireland*, and our Colonies on the *American* Continent, where there is no Reſtraint for want of Room.

III. That the People themſelves did not any of them know, what Means to take for a Livelihood; none of them exerciſing any Art, Miſtery, or Profeſſion, that was not before ſufficiently provided with *Engliſh* Workmen.

And here I may add, from the *Palatines* State of their own Caſe, which I have not tranſcribed, that their Arrival immediately cauſed a mighty Clamour among our *Engliſh* Labourers and Artificers, who thought of no leſs than having the Bread taken out of their Mouths by Foreigners: For "They humbly intreat all Tradeſmen not to repine at the good Diſpoſition of her ſacred Majeſty, and the Nobility and Gentry, but with great Compaſſion join with them in their charitable Diſpoſition, *&c.* We alſo intreat you, ſay they, to lay aſide all Reflections and Imprecations and ill Language againſt us; for that is contradictory to a Chriſtian Spirit."

Now, if you can ſpy any Reaſons, good Mr. *Argus*, with your Hundred-Eyes, why the ſame Thing that has once happened, may not be expected to happen again, in exactly the ſame Circumſtances, I beg you will communicate them, to ſatisfy Thouſands, who are as yet diſſatisfied. If you know of no ſuch Reaſons, I doubt not, but you will accept of theſe Extracts and Remarks, as extremely pertinent at this Time, from an old Friend and conſtant Reader, who deſires to be known by no other Appellation than that of

A True Engliſhman.

This Day is publiſhed,

(Price One Shilling)

Particularly recommended to the Peruſal of all true Lovers of old Britiſh Liberty *and* Hunting,

Two Hiſtorical Accounts of the Making,

I. NEW-FOREST in *Hampſhire*,

By *WILLIAM* the Conqueror; and

II. RICHMOND NEW PARK in *Surry*,

By *CHARLES* the Firſt.

CONTAINING,

I. An Enquiry into the Origin of *Foreſts, Chaces, Purlieus, Warrens*, and *Parks*, and the cruel and unjuſt Laws that were firſt made for the Government of thoſe Places.

II. The Hiſtory of the Oppoſition that was raiſed againſt making the *Park*, and the Troubles that immediately enſued. Extracted from Lord *Clarendon*, and other Hiſtorians.

Some Account of the Reigns of the Kings, from *William* I. to *Edward* I. ſo far as relates to Foreſt Laws, and that of obtaining the two Great Charters.

An Account of the Privileges the Subjects enjoy'd after the Park was made, to the Time of putting in Execution certain Meaſures for ſhutting it up.

Addreſs'd to the CITIZENS of *London*.

And adorned with a VIEW of *Richmond* PARK.

Unleſs Corruption firſt dejects the Pride
And guardian Vigour of the Free-born Soul,
All crude Attempts of Violence are vain:
For firm within, and while at Heart untouch'd,
Ne'er yet by Force was FREEDOM *overcome.*

THOMPSON.

Printed for M. COOPER in *Pater-noſter Row.*

LONDON.

Between Ten and Eleven o'Clock on Wedneſday Night died at Leiceſter-Houſe, the moſt High, Puiſſant, and moſt Illuſtrious Prince Frederick-Lewis, (eldeſt Son of our moſt Gracious Sovereign George the Second, whom God long preſerve) Prince of Great Britain, Electoral Prince of Brunſwick-Lunenburgh, Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall and Rothſay, Duke of Glouceſter and Edinburgh, Marquis of the Iſle of Ely, Earl of Cheſter, Carrick and Eltham, Viſcount of Launceſton, Baron of Renfew and Snawdon, Lord of the Iſles, Steward of Scotland, &c.

This moſt Excellent and dearly beloved Prince was born on the 20th of January, 1706-7; and on the 27th of April 1736, married the Princeſs Auguſta of Saxe-Gotha. Her Royal Highneſs, notwithſtanding ſhe is ſome Months advanced in her Pregnancy, ſat up with her late Conſort every Night, and had not her Cloaths off for ſeven Nights. By this Lady his Royal Highneſs has left Iſſue five Sons, viz. Prince George, who is in his 13th Year, who ſucceeds his Royal Father as Heir Apparent to the Crown of theſe Realms, &c.; Prince Edward-Auguſtus; Prince William-Henry; Prince Henry-Frederick; and Prince Frederick-William: And three Daughters, viz. Princeſs Auguſta; Princeſs Elizabeth-Caroline; Princeſs Louiſa-Anne.

At Nine his Royal Highneſs thought himſelf much better, and told Dr. Wilmot he might go home, but a little after Ten he complained of a violent Pain in his Breaſt, and died in leſs than a Quarter of an Hour. His Body was opened on Thurſday, and there was found a large Abſceſs formed upon the Lungs, which burſt, and is ſuppoſed to be the immediate Cauſe of his Death.

We hear that an Act will be brought into Parliament for erecting a Turnpike on the new Road leading from Weſtminſter Bridge, to Newington in Surry.

We hear that the Aldermen and Common-Council of this City intend next Week, (not too ſoon) to give Orders to the Beadles and Conſtables of their reſpective Wards, to take up all Beggars, Ballad Singers and other Vagrants, and to carry them before the Sitting Alderman at Guildhall, in order to their being committed to Bridewell.

The Election of a Phyſician for the Charter Houſe is, we are informed, put off till Lady Day, on Account of his Grace the Duke of Devonſhire, one of the Governors, being out of Town.

Monday by the Violence of the Wind, ſeveral Veſſels broke from their Anchors, and ran foul of each other, by which great Damage was done to the Shipping. Several Craft were ſung in the River, particularly two Lighters, laden with Coals for the Tower, were caſt away near Rotherhith, and one of the Men drowned.

Monday the Jury ſat on the Body of the Man found ſhot on Briſtow Cauſeway, laſt Thurſday ſe'nnight, at the White Horſe near the Place; when after Examination, and ſome Perſons being preſent who proved him to be a Carpenter at Shad Thames, and by many Circumſtances, it appeared he had lately infeſted that Road, the Jury concluded he muſt be ſhot by a Perſon or Perſons unknown whom he attempted to rob; on which the Coroner granted a Warrant for his Interment the Night following. He had on when found a Shag Pair of Breeches, black Waiſtcoat, brown Coat, and a great Coat; in his Pockets a Brace of Piſtols, one loaded, the other unloaded, a Silver Watch, ſeven Shillings and ſome Halfpence, but no Pocket Book or Memorandums.

As the Circumſtances attending the Robbery of Mr. Laſcelles, Leatherſeller in Horſleydown, are pretty extraordinary, the Relation of the Particulars may not be unacceptible to our Readers. A Journeyman, who had lived with him about two Years ago, and who was then diſcharged his Service on Suſpicion of robbing his Counting Houſe, and ſetting the ſame afterwards on Fire, came to his Houſe the Door of which being opened to him by the Maid Servant he inſtantly turned and locked it, on which the Maid demanding what he wanted, he told her he came for Money, and taking up a Poker threatned her Life if ſhe made any Noiſe or Reſiſtance. Then he obliged her to go before him into the Counting Houſe, where he broke open a Desk, out of which he took a Silver Watch, a Diamond Ring, and 7l. but expreſſed his Diſappointment at meeting no larger a Booty. He afterwards drove her before him into the Cellar, where was an Iron Cheſt, which he made ſeveral Efforts to open but to no Purpoſe. Whilſt this was doing, a Butcher's Wife who lived oppoſite, and who ſaw him go into the Houſe, and knew his Character, alarmed the Neighbours: But before they could enter the Houſe, he found means to make his Eſcape by creeping along a Ditch, which was at the End of the Yard where they dry the Leather. Mr. Laſcelles, we are informed, had luckily, the Night before, paid away 400 l. which he kept in the very Desk broke open by this Villain.

Tueſday a Soldier was taken off his Guard, being charged with a Highway Robbery, and was conducted by a File of Muſqueteers to Juſtice Lediard's, who committed him to the Gatehouſe, having admitted him an Evidence on his impeaching ſeveral others of his Gang.

Thurſday Gerrard Bunn, a noted Thief-Taker, was committed to Newgate by H. Willoughby, Eſq; for robbing of Frederick Benſon a Dutch Sailor, on Monday Night, of a Snuff-Box, a Knife, and a Handkerchief, and ſtripped him of his Coat and Waiſtcoat. This Fellow was an Evidence againſt two Brothers at the Old Bailey, who were hanged but a few Seſſions paſt; and when he was taken, there were found in his Pockets a Brace of Piſtols loaded.

A few Days ſince eight Men who are confined in Newgate for a certain Time, and were brought from Ireland for reſcuing ſome of their Comrades from the Gatehouſe ſome Time ſince, had formed a Scheme to make their Eſcape, but one of the Number changed his Mind, and acquainted Mr. Akerman, Keeper, by a Letter, of their intended Plot, and told him it was to be put in Execution the Night following; and ſome of them ſuſpecting they were betrayed by him, were going to murder him immediately, if he had not got into what they call the Stone Room, and bolted himſelf in, whereby he eſcaped their Fury; ſince which the refractory Ones are more cloſe confined, and the Perſon who made the Diſcovery is put into the Preſs Yard, to prevent his being murdered.

Laſt Friday a Weaver in Spital Fields was taken into the Cuſtody of a Conſtable, upon the Complaint of his Maſter, who had delivered to him a Quantity of Silk to him, and he had neglected to Manufacture it. But as they were taking him before a Magiſtrate, ſome of the Trade aſſaulted the Conſtable near Norton Falgate, and beat and abuſed him in a cruel Manner, by which Means the Weaver made his Eſcape.

Extract of a Letter from Canterbury, March 16.

"Laſt Sunday one Peter Forlanger who lived in Duke-ſtreet at the three Sugar Loaves, in the Park Southwark, after robbing Capt. Montague in a Poſt Chaiſe, a little beyond Welton, was purſued and taken at an Alehouſe juſt by his own Houſe. He owns robbing the Canterbury Stage Coaches this Winter, and that he returned a Family Watch the laſt Time he robbed one of them. He ſays he took 1000 l. within a Month of Chriſtmas laſt, but it all went as it came. He has three Horſes, which he ſays ſhall never be known of. He will be brought to Maidſtone next Monday, where any of the Gentlemen whom he has ſtoped on the Road may have the Pleaſure of ſeeing him."

Tueſday Richard Adams, Eſq; Recorder of this City, waited upon his Majeſty, with the Report of the ſix Malefactors convicted laſt Seſſions; when the five following were ordered for Execution on Monday next, viz.

John Carr for forging a Seaman's Ticket.
Richard Butler, for forging a Seaman's Ticket.
Joſeph Burroughs, for forging a Draught upon Sir Joſeph Hankey and Co.
John Atkins, for Houſe breaking. And
Henry Grover for Horſe ſtealing.

George Berty, convicted of Forgery, is reprieved during his Majeſty's Pleaſure.

The Report was not made of Mary Carney, for publiſhing a forged Seaman's Power of Atorney, ſhe having ſince her Conviction been delivered of a Child.

Wedneſday a Reprieve was ſent to Hertford, for Tranſportation for Life, for Robert Grindy, lately taken at the Bull and Gate Inn in Holborn, who was convicted at the laſt Aſſizes there, for a Robbery committed between Hatfield and Barnet.

At the Aſſizes lately held at Aylesbury, for the County of Bucks, before Mr. Juſtice Denniſon, three Perſons were capitally convicted, viz. John Freeman, for a Robbery on the Highway; John Pakes for a Burglary; and one for Sheep ſtealing, who was reprieved. Two were ordered for Tranſtation, and one burnt in the Hand.

On Friday laſt the Aſſizes ended on the Crown Side at Chelmsford, for the County of Eſſex, before the Hon. Sir Martin Wright, Knt. when the 7 following Perſons received Sentence of Death, viz. John Gailer, for the moſt horrid and deteſtable Crime of Beaſtiality by him committed upon a She Aſs at Great Cheſterfield. John Williams, for a Robbery on William Sharp, Eſq; in Angel Lane, near Stratford. (This Perſon turns out to be the identical John Taylor, who ſome Time ſince was condemned at the Old Bailey, for robbing Mrs. Barham of a Gold Watch ſet with Diamonds, and afterwards pardoned and tranſported.) William Searles and William Turner for a Robbery on James Eldred, and Martha his Wife in their own

Yard at Folſter, and for robbing them afterwards in the Dwelling Houſe. John King for robbing the Lady of Daniel Pilon, Eſq; in his Coach near Rumford. John Clement Eaſtmead for Houſe-breaking, and James Cook for Horſeſtealing, which two laſt were reprieved by the Judge before he left the Town, and the other five remain for Execution. One Perſon was ordered to be tranſported for 14 Years, and eight for 7 Years. Three whipped, ſix Acquitted, one diſcharged by Proclamation, and three thro' Sickneſs ordered to remain in Jail, one of whom is ſince dead.

At the ſame Time Edward Whitlock and James Field, were indicted and found guilty of unlawfully breaking into a Stable at Eaſtham, with intent to ſteal from thence two Horſes, the Property of Mr. Charles Hitch and Mr. Charles Lowth, in Paternoſter Row, and were ordered a Years Impriſonment, and to give Security with Sureties for their good Behaviour for a Year more.

Laſt Week the Aſſizes ended at Worceſter, when the three following Perſons were capitally convicted, and received Sentence of Death, viz. William Mac Colly, for the Murder of Daniel Smith, a Baker at Red Ditch; Anthony Cradock, for returning from Tranſportation, and ſince that ſtealing a Bridle, Saddle, and Surcingle, out of the Stable of Meſſen Humfray; and Francis Hemin; for breaking into the Houſe of Walter Steward and ſtealing thereout ſeveral Things; but before the Judges left the City they were pleaſed to reprieve for Tranſportation Francis Heming; the other two were ordered for Execution on Wedneſday the 27th Inſt. Eight were caſt for Tranſportation.

Laſt Week the Aſſizes ended at Sarum, when 18 Priſoners were tried, four of whom were capitally convicted, viz. Edward Eatall, for Horſe ſtealing; Mark Edwards, for aſſaulting Charles Lucas with an Intent to rob him, between Froxfield and Marlborough; Benjamin Brown, for robbing Thomas Smith of Marlborough, of one Shilling, and for aſſaulting Abraham Sandy, and firing a Piece at him with an Intent to rob him on the Highway; and William Roſe for breaking and entering the dwelling Houſe of William Roſe, of Biſhop Cannings, in the Night-time and ſtealing a Pair of Breeches, 19 Guineas and a half in Gold, four Shillings and ſix Pence in Silver, and Two-pence in Halfpence, which Money was in the Breeches of the ſaid William Roſe. Mr. Baron Legge was pleaſed to order Brown and Roſe to be tranſported for 14 Years, and the other two for Execution. Five were caſt for Tranſportation for 7 Years, one to be publicly Whipt, and the reſt acquitted. John Gingell, convicted the laſt Aſſizes, was ordered to be tranſported for 14 Year. The Trial of Thomas Richardſon a notorious Gambler, for defrauding Mr. James Tinker, a Farmer and Grafier, of 125l. at pricking at the Belt, at the Roſe and Crown at Twyford in Wilts, in October laſt, is put off till next Aſſizes.

Mrs. Keith's Corpſe was removed from her Huſband's Houſe in May-Fair, the Middle of October inſt. to an Apothecary's in South-Audley Street, where ſhe lies in a Room hung with Mourning, and is to continue there 'till Mr. Keith can attend her Funeral.——Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels, together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages at May-Fair New Chapel detrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and Underſtanding.—The Way to Mr. Keith's Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-Street, and down Clarges-Street, and turn on the Left-Hand. The Marriages (together with a Licence on a Five Shilling Stamp, and Certificate) are carried on for a Guinea as uſual, any Time 'till Four in the Afternoon, by another regular Clergyman, at Mr. Keith's little Chapel in May-Fair, near Hyde-Park Corner, oppoſite the Great Chapel, and within Ten Yards of it. There is a Porch at the Door like a Country-Church Porch.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Briſtol, March 16. Laſt Saturday was committed to Newgate, Daniel Biſhop, Mariner on a violent Suſpicion of murdering Winefrid Jones, Daughter of Jenkin Jones, Victualler; it being proved, that on the 5th Inſtant, about Eleven o'Clock at Night, he was ſeen with her in Back Street, where he beat her, and ſeveral Times threatned her Life, and afterwards went with her out of the ſaid Street, towards the Backs but ſhe has not ſince been heard of.

This Day are publiſh'd,

THE NATURAL METHOD of curing the DISEASES of the Body, and the DISORDERS of the Mind depending on the Body.

In THREE PARTS.

I. GENERAL REFLECTIONS on the Oeconomy of Nature in Animal Life.

II. The MEANS and METHOD for preſerving Life and Faculties; and alſo concerning the NATURE and CURE of Acute, Contagious, and Cephalic Diſorders.

III. REFLECTIONS on the NATURE and CURE of particular Chronical Diſtempers.

By GEORGE CHEYNE, *M. D. R. C. Ed. & F. R. S.*

Alſo, by the ſame AUTHOR,
The Six following BOOKS, *viz.*

An ESSAY on HEALTH and LONG LIFE. *The* NINTH EDITION.

The ENGLISH MALADY; or, A Treatiſe of Nervous Diſeaſes of all Kinds, as Spleen, Vapours, Lowneſs of Spirits, Hypochondriacal and Hiſterical Diſtempers, *&c.* In THREE PARTS.

An ESSAY of the true Nature and due Method of treating the GOUT: Together with an Account of the Nature and Quality of BATH-WATERS, the Manner of uſing them, and the Diſeaſes in which they are proper: As alſo of the Nature and Cure of moſt Chronical Diſtempers. *The* FIFTH EDITION, *enlarged to more than double the former.*

A NEW THEORY of Acute and Slow-continued FEVERS: Wherein, beſides their Appearances and the Manner of their Cure, occaſionally the Structure of the GLANDS, and the Manner and Laws of *Secretion*, the Operation of *Purgative*, *Vomitive*, and *Mercurial* MEDICINES, are *Mechanically* explained. To which is prefixed, An ESSAY concerning the Improvement of the Theory of Medicine. *The* FOURTH EDITION, *corrected.*

Philoſophical Principles of RELIGION, Natural and Revealed. In TWO PARTS. I. Containing the Elements of Natural Philoſophy, and the Proofs of Natural Religion. II. The Nature of Infinites, together with the Philoſophic Principles of Revealed Religion. *The* THIRD EDITION.

An ESSAY on REGIMEN, together with five Diſcourſes, Medical, Moral, and Philoſophical: Serving to illuſtrate the Principles and Theory of Philoſophical Medicine, and point out ſome of its Moral Conſequences. *The* NINTH EDITION.

Printed for Geo. Strahan, and ſold by A. Strahan, at the Golden Ball, near St. Michael's Church in Cornhill.

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All Sorts of Stationary Wares.

This Day are publiſhed,

A General Dictionary, Hiſtorical and Critical. In which a new and accurate Tranſlation of that of the celebrated Mr. Bayle, with the Corrections and Obſervations printed in the late Edition, is included; and interſperſed with ſeveral thouſand Lives, never before publiſhed. The whole containing the Hiſtory of the Moſt illuſtrious Perſons of all Ages and Nations, particularly thoſe of Great Britain and Ireland; with Reflections on ſuch Paſſages of Monſ. Bayle as ſeem to favour Scepticiſm and the Manichee Syſtem. By ſeveral Hands. And the Oriental Articles by George Sale, Gent. In Ten Volumes.

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Choice Letters French and Engliſh, Collected out of the moſt celebrated Wits of France, viz. Voiture, Balſac, Scarron, St. Evremont, &c. By Mr. Boyer, Author of the Royal French and Engliſh Dictionary.

Printed for G. STRAHAN, and Sold by A. STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball near St. Michael's Church, Cornhill.

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An Infallible Remedy
For Broken-winded HORSES,

WHICH has been publiſh'd, and ſold many Years, before any Counterfeits in other Forms appear'd, and highly commended from one Friend to another: The vaſt Quantities that have been ſold alſo verify its Efficacy and Virtues; for it moſt perfectly cures them, after all other Means have been ineffectual, to a Wonder, in a ſmall Time, without Confinement, by attenuating and opening the Globules of the Lungs dried up, and all the Paſſages obſtructed by Humours diſſipating thereon, occaſioned by hard Riding, Colds, &c. I. cauſe preſently a free Perſpiration, renewing it's Force, Vigour and Length, as well as ever

It immediately cures thoſe Horſes, only a little touched in their Wind, as alſo continued Coughs, Colds, Wheeſing, &c. being excellent in preventing many other Diſtempers incident to them, by maintaining, preſerving, and continuing a good Breath.

And in a Word, by this very Medleine alone, many Horſes have been made ſo perfectly ſound, that they have been ſold or valued from 10 to 30 or 40 Pounds, which, by being broken winded, could not before be ſold for 3 or 4 Pounds.

It is ſold at Mr. Sandwell's Toy-ſhop, at the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry, for 4s. 6d. the Quart Bottle, with Directions for taking it, and no where elſe in England.

BANKRUPTS.

John Sharman of Debenham, in the County of Suffolk, Cheeſe Factor.

Peter Hodgſon, of Gracechurch Street, London, Woollendraper.

John Ravenſcroft, late of London Vintner, Victualler, and Chapman.

This Day is publiſh'd,
The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have allready injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with one's ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr. QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well-wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin decryed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr Isted, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3s. 6d.

N. B. The Meditines mentioned in this Book are ſold as above.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1754, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3s. 6d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is ſo ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops and paying 3s 6d.

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years Standing, and that without a sensible Evacuation, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Diet whatever, doat once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and cheer the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient pleasantly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure, even by the very best Method and Medicines in usual Practice, than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumptions which frequently terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetes, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now published for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail of perfectly curing the most Stubborn Gleets whatever, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble: as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weaknesses and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons assigned with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and effect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all her Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above-mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and is ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be compleat Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with proceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Disease is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, This fam'd Balsamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's, (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles, against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamic Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.

For the VENEREAL DISEASE.

THE shortest, safe, and regular Cure, this Day in the World, from the slightest Infection to the most inveterate Degree of it, by a Medicine as pleasant to take, and as easy in its Operation as it is effectual in its Cure; so that the unfortunate Patient gets suddenly and surprizingly well, without Distaste to his Palate, the least Disorder of Body, or any Confinement whatever. This is that great Remedy, now so well known and long experienced to be truly infallible, and is the Grand ANTI-SIPHYLICON that Radcliffe and Garth used to say would totally extirpate the Venereal Disease from the Face of the Earth, were it but universally known, and properly taken. Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their cruel attendant Symptoms, it presently cures; and if taken in Time, even prevents their taking Place. It is a safe, gentle, and pleasant Family Purge, even for Children as well as grown Persons, in all Cases where Purging is necessary; nor can the deepest Scurvy, Rheumatism, Gout, Evil, or Leprosy, stand before it, but are pleasantly cured and thoroughly extirpated by it, as well as the highest and most inveterate State of the confirmed Venereal Disease; which, with all its most raging Symptoms, it soon eradicates, restoring Health, Strength, and Vigor to the Body. Those who once take it, will never have Recourse to any Thing else. One Pot in most Cases is sufficient for a Cure.

Price 6s. a Pot, sealed up with a Book of Instructions, by which all Persons may fully understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies. Note, This Grand Anti Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceased) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles against the East-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answered unless Post-paid.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy in Men*, and the *Vapours in Women*, how severe or inveterate soever they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even when all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual, and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts, affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other, almost innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which entirely afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these so much fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle, and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be sure therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

To Persons of either Sex,

Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS so frequent as of late they have been, nor have the usual Remedies been found adequate to those portinacious Dilleme pers: This occasioned a Physician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palsy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vast Numbers of Persons of both Sexes, and always with surprizing Success even so as infallibly to cure by it the Palsy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Disorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that so those labouring under these miserable Ailments might know where to meet with a safe and most certain Cure, which it accomplishes in so short a Time, and with such Ease and Pleasure (a few Drops of it being a Dose, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almost incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonstrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients soon finds all Numbness, Deadness, and shaking, or Resolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulsive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vanish and return no more, and this, though these Diseases have been of many Years standing, and whether occasioned by long Illness, fast Living, hard drinking, or any other Cause; for it performs all that can be wished for in Nervous Cases, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digestion, occasions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, causes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Vessels, revives and increases the Spirits, warms, comforts, strengthens, and replenishes the Brain and whole Nervous System, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs restored to their pristine Steadiness and Strength, and the Palsy and all Paralitick Disorders and Nervous Decays suddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themselves, and all about them.

This sovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be sold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The Incomparable POWDER for cleaning the TEETH,

Which needs no artificial Means to recommend it to the World, its own Virtues being sufficient; nor did we ever seek for a Patent; for, as they say, Good Wine needs no Bush.

Is now Sold by special Order of the Author, (since Mrs. Markham is removed from Fleet-street) only, at Mr. Pearson's Toy-shop, the Sign of the Seven Stars, *near St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street; and by Mrs. Whitrow, a Milliner, at the Sign of the* Blue-Coat-Boy *and Fan, near the* Royal-Exchange, *in Cornhill, and no where else in* England, *at* 1s. *each Box, or* 12s. *to the Dozen.*

It is sent for in large Quantities from the Plantations beyond the Seas, where good Allowance is given; and it is as effectual in the East and West Indies as at London.

IT has given surprizing Satisfaction to most of the Nobility and Gentry in England, near 30 Years last past, that it hath been published: and vast Quantities of it shall continue to be sold, notwithstanding the many Counterfeits, since its first Publication.

At once using it makes the Teeth as white as Ivory, tho' ever so black or yellow before, and effectually preserves them from corrupting decaying, continuing them safe and sound to exceeding old Age. It wonderfully cures the Scurvy in the Gums, and prevents Rheums and Defluxions. It admirably fastens loose Teeth, being a most cleansing Medicine, of a pleasant and grateful Scent, and in Virtue far exceeds any Thing ever yet found out for those Purposes.

The LIP-SALVE,

Which is so much esteemed, and of so many Years large Experience, and whose Virtues vastly exceed any of the many Counterfeits, since its first Publication, is sold at the same Places at 1s. each Box.

In two or three Hours Time it heals the Lips tho' ever so much chopped; prevents the Skin from peeling, and makes them delicately soft and smooth, giving them a becoming rubicund Colour; the Fragrancy of its Odour also renders the Breath fine and sweet, and may be eaten for its safety.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY *or* IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occasioned, by* Pollutions, *Seminal Weaknesses of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And also

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weaknesses, Coldness of Constitution, or any other Cause whatever.*

The Famous and Inestimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest, and most powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impotency in Men, and Barrenness in Women, in the Universe, and which it has once accomplished without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid depressed State, to one more florid and sparkling; opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, increasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and suddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression.

Abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by fast living, Strains, or Self Abuses, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, insomuch that very many illustrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even seems to keep back the Effects of Old Age itself.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, sealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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